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Title: In-silico Modeling for Fracture Fixation in Osteoporotic Bone

Abstract:

Osteoporosis has become more prevalent in our aging population, making fracture treatment more difficult because of an impaired peri-implant bone microstructural quality.

Biomechanical tests are usually conducted to investigate the mechanical bone-screw competence. However, in vitro mechanical testing is expensive and time consuming because human bone material is sparse and shows a high variability.

Alternatively, computational specimen-specific models make it possible to run different mechanical tests on the same specimen. A micro-CT based Finite Element (μ FE) Analysis is used to investigate the mechanical competence of bone-screw models *in silico*. A cylindrical trabecular bone specimen is instrumented with a titanium screw and scanned using micro-computed tomography at a nominal isotropic resolution of 20 μ m. μ FE models were created for two cases: a two-component bone-screw model, and a three-component model including a soft interface layer (10 voxels thick). Young's moduli for bone tissue, soft layer and titanium screw were 10 GPa, 2 GPa and 100 GPa, respectively. The models were solved using the parallel solver ParaSol, running with 384 parallel tasks for a model of 142 million hexahedral cells. Visualization was performed with a ParaView server with 64 tasks.

The resulting force was 31% lower in model 2 compared to model 1. In model 2, high displacements occur only in the vicinity of the implant, better mimicking the deformation pattern of *in vitro* bone-screw constructs.

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Download:

This scientific visualization animation can be found as an MPEG4 AVI, or as Quicktime file.

<ftp://ftp.cscs.ch/out/jfavre/BioMechanics/FractureFixationInOsteoporoticBone.avi>

<ftp://ftp.cscs.ch/out/jfavre/BioMechanics/FractureFixationInOsteoporoticBone.mov>